

PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

GD-45P · GD-45

Features

- 1. These valves are compact and lightweight.
- 2. These valves are simple in structure and easy to maintain.
- 3. These valves are applicable to an inlet pressure of up to 2.0 MPa.
- 4. A screen (60 mesh) is incorporated to protect the valve and the valve seat from dirt.
- These valves offer excellent workability with the aid of an external pressure type bellows used as the pressure sensing part.
- Pressure adjustment is handle-operated and does not require any tool (GD-45P).

Specifications

| | Model | GD-45P · GD-45 |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Application | Steam |
| Ir | nlet pressure | 2.0 MPa or below |
| | | (A) 0.02-0.1 MPa |
| Rec | duced pressure | (B) 0.05-0.4 MPa |
| | | (C) 0.35-1.0 MPa |
| Minimum | differential pressure | 0.05 MPa |
| Maximum p | pressure reduction ratio | 10:1 |
| Maxir | num temperature | 220 |
| Valv | ve seat leakage | 0.1% or below of rated flow rate |
| | Body | Ductile cast iron |
| Material | Valve, valve seat | Stainless steel |
| | Bellows | Phosphor bronze |
| | Connection | JIS Rc screwed |
| | | |



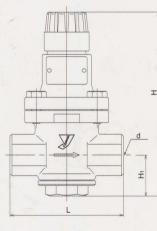
GD-45P



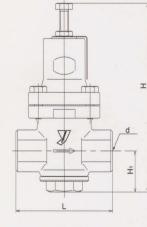
Dimensions (mm) and Weights (kg)

| Nominal size | d | L | H1 | Н | Weight |
|--------------|--------|-----|----|-----------|--------|
| 15A | Rc 1/2 | 111 | 47 | 213 (216) | 3.2 |
| 20A | Rc 3/4 | 111 | 47 | 213 (216) | 3.2 |
| 25A | Rc 1 | 111 | 47 | 213 (216) | 3.2 |

The values in parentheses are the dimensions of the GD-45.

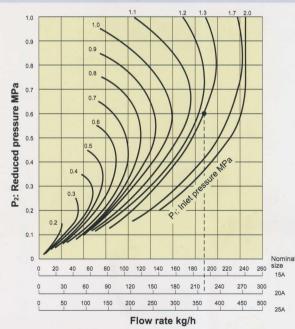


GD-45P



GD-45

Chart for Selecting Nominal Sizes



[Example]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P_1), reduced pressure (P_2), and flow rate are 1.3 MPa, 0.6 MPa, and 200 kg/h, respectively, first find the intersection point of the inlet pressure of 1.3 MPa and the reduced pressure of 0.6 MPa. Trace down vertically from this intersection point to find the nominal size with a flow rate of 200 kg/h or over. In this case, the nominal size is 20A.





PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

GP-1000EN · 1000H Features

- 1. The GP-1000EN can be replaced easily from existing valve because it complies with face-to-face dimensions of the EN standard.
- 2. These valves respond very sharply to the fluctuation of inlet pressure and the change of the flow rate, so that the reduced pressure can be kept at a constant level.
- 3. Pressure adjustment is easy, and the set pressure range is wide.
- 4. These valves comply with the standard of SHASE-S106 Pressure Reducing Valves (The Society of Heating, Air-Conditioning and Sanitary Engineers of Japan).

Specifications

| Model | | GP-1000EN | GP-1000H | |
|----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Application | Steam | | |
| | Inlet pressure | 0.1- | -1.6 MPa | |
| - | | (A) 0.05-0.9 M | Pa (B) 0.9-1.4 MPa | |
| F | Reduced pressure | 90% or below of inle | t pressure (gauge pressure) | |
| Minimu | um differential pressure | 0. | .05 MPa | |
| Maximun | n pressure reduction ratio | 20:1 | | |
| Ма | ximum temperature | 220°C | | |
| V | alve seat leakage | 0.01% or below of rated flow rate | | |
| | Body | Ductile cast iron | | |
| | Main valve, valve seat | Stair | iless steel | |
| Material | Pilot valve, pilot valve seat | Stainless steel | | |
| | Piston, cylinder | Stainless steel | | |
| | Diaphragm | Stainless steel | | |
| - | Connection | EN1092 PN25 | JIS 16K FF flanged ASME Class 300 flanged | |



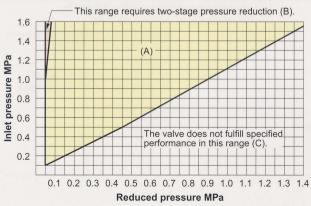
GP-1000H

Dimensions (mm) and Weights (kg)

| Nominal size | L | | н | H1 | V | Weight | |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----|-----|-----------|-------------|--|
| Nominal size | GP-1000EN | GP-1000H | | | GP-1000EN | GP-1000H | |
| 15A | 150 | 150 (-) | 291 | 64 | 8.0 | 8.0 (-) | |
| 20A | 150 | 155 (-) | 291 | 64 | 8.5 | 8.5 (-) | |
| 25A | 160 | 160 (160) | 300 | 67 | 10.0 | 10.0 (10.0) | |
| 32A | 180 | 190 (180) | 333 | 82 | 14.0 | 14.0 (14.0) | |
| 40A | 200 | 190 (200) | 333 | 82 | 15.5 | 14.5 (15.5) | |
| 50A | 230 | 220 (230) | 353 | 93 | 21.0 | 20.0 (21.0) | |
| 65A | 290 | 245 (278) | 357 | 100 | 30.0 | 30.0 (30.0) | |
| 80A | 310 | 290 (310) | 404 | 122 | 37.0 | 35.0 (37.0) | |
| 100A | 350 | 330 (350) | 450 | 144 | 57.0 | 52.5 (57.0) | |

The values in parentheses are the dimensions of valves with ASME class 300 flanged.

Specifications Selection Chart



Find the intersection point of the inlet and reduced pressures. If the intersection point is within range (A) in the chart, the pressures are controllable with a single pressure reducing valve. They can be controlled by two-stage pressure reduction if the intersection point is within range (B). The valve does not fulfill specified performance in range (C).

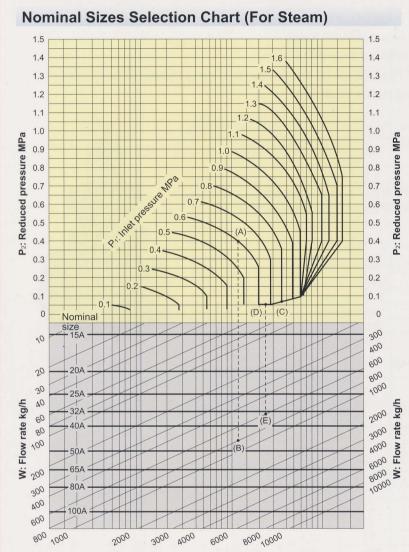


| Table of C | Corrected | Cv Value | S | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| Table of I | rated Cv va | alues (Cv va | alue when th | ne correctio | on factor C = | = 1) | | | |
| Nominal size | 15A | 20A | 25A | 32A | 40A | 50A | 65A | 80A | 100A |
| Cv values | 1 | 2.3 | 4 | 6.5 | 9 | 16 | 25 | 36 | 64 |

Note) When the reduced pressure is within either of the ranges shown below, calculate the corrected Cv value by multiplying the rated Cv value by the correction factor C obtained from the Fig.1.

• When the inlet pressure is between 0.7 MPa and 1.0 MPa and the pressure reduction ratio is over 10:1

• When the inlet pressure is over 1.0 MPa and the reduced pressure is 0.4 MPa or below



[Example 1]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P1), reduced pressure (P2), and steam flow rate are 0.6 MPa, 0.4 MPa, and 800 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (A) of the inlet pressure of 0.6 MPa and the reduced pressure of 0.4 MPa. Trace down vertically from this intersection point to find intersection point (B) with the flow rate of 800 kg/h. Since intersection point (B) lies between nominal sizes 40A and 50A, select the larger one, 50A.

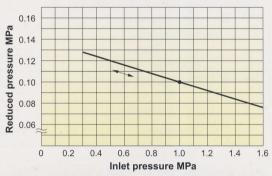
[Example 2]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P1), reduced pressure (P2), and steam flow rate are 0.8 MPa, 0.05 MPa, and 600 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (C) of the inlet pressure of 0.8 MPa and the diagonal line. Trace down to the left from this diagonal line to find intersection point (D) with the reduced pressure of 0.05 MPa. Trace down vertically from intersection point (D) to find intersection point (E) with the flow rate of 600 kg/h. Since intersection point (E) lies between nominal sizes 32A and 40A, select the larger one, 40A.



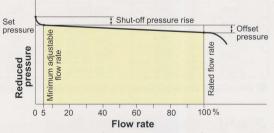
1.0 0.7 **Correction factor** 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.9 0.7 -1.0 0.6 ö 0.5 0.4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 0.40 P2: Reduced pressure MPa Fig. 1: Corrected Cv value





This chart shows a variation in the reduced pressure when the inlet pressure of 1.0 MPa is changed between the range from 0.3 MPa to 1.6 MPa with the reduced pressure set at 0.1 MPa.

Flow Characteristic Chart



Shut-off pressure rise: Within 0.02 MPa

Offset pressure: Within 0.03 MPa

(when the set pressure is between 0.05 MPa and 0.1 MPa) Within 0.05 MPa (when the set pressure is over . 0.1 MPa and 1.4 MPa or below)

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SOLENOID VALVE

DP-100 · 100F

Features

- 1. Ultra-high performance technology gives high precision in performance.
- 2. Three-times more durability than our conventional models.
 3. ASM (Anti-Sticking Mechanism) for three-times more scale
- resistance.4. Body and main parts made of stainless steel give higher corrosion resistance, making usable for clean fluid.
- 5. A combined internal component enables easy cartridge replacement with this product installed.

Specifications

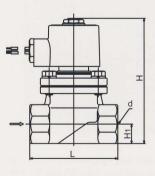
| | Model | DP- | 100 | DP-100F | | |
|----------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| | Application Steam, Air, Cold and hot water, N2 ga | | | CO2 gas (dry), Ar gas, Oil (20cSt or below) | | |
| | Working pressure | | 0-1.0 MPa (Unusa | ble under vacuum) | | |
| Min | . differential pressure | 0 MPa (0. | 03 MPa or more is requi | red when the coil is set : | sideways.) | |
| Allow | able valve seat leakage | 50 mL/r | nin under standard condi | ions (At air pressure of 0 | .6 MPa) | |
| | Temperature range | | 5-180 °C (Not app | icabale to freeze) | | |
| | Operation | | Normall | / closed | | |
| | Body | | Stainle | ss steel | | |
| Material | Piston | Stainless steel | | | | |
| | Valve disc | | PT | TFE | | |
| | Connection | JIS Rc screwed | | JIS 10K FF flanged | | |
| | Size | 10A-50A 15A-65A | | | -65A | |
| | Size | 10A-25A | 32A-65A | 10A-25A | 32A-65A | |
| | Rated voltage | AC 100 / 200 V selective type | | AC 110 / 220 V selective type | | |
| All | owable fluctuation | | Rated voltage | -5% to + 10% | and the second second | |
| | Rated current | 0.34 / 0.17 A | 0.46 / 0.23 A | 0.32 / 0.16 A | 0.42 / 0.21 A | |
| Ś | Starting current | 1.64 / 0.82 A | 1.90 / 0.95 A | 1.48 / 0.74 A | 1.80 / 0.90 A | |
| | nsulation class | | Insulation | i class H | | |
| Pr | otective structure | Dust tight, Splash proof | | | | |
| Ins | ulation resistance | 500 MΩ and more / 500 V megger | | | | |
| Wit | hstand voltage test | | 1500 | V/min | | |

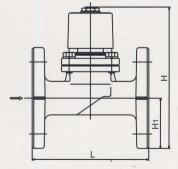
Dimensions (mm) and Weights • DP-100

| Nominal size | d | L | Н | H1 | Weight |
|--------------|----------|-----|-----|------|--------|
| 10A | Rc 3/8 | 70 | 127 | 14.5 | 1.4 |
| 15A | Rc 1/2 | 70 | 127 | 14.5 | 1.4 |
| 20A | Rc 3/4 | 80 | 131 | 17.5 | 1.5 |
| 25A | Rc 1 | 95 | 135 | 21.0 | 1.9 |
| 32A | Rc 1-1/4 | 110 | 172 | 26.0 | 3.1 |
| 40A | Rc 1-1/2 | 120 | 178 | 29.5 | 4.0 |
| 50A | Rc 2 | 140 | 187 | 36.5 | 5.6 |

DP-100F

| Nominal size | L | Н | H1 | Weight |
|--------------|-----|-----|------|--------|
| 15A | 120 | 161 | 47.5 | 2.7 |
| 20A | 130 | 164 | 50.0 | 3.2 |
| 25A | 145 | 177 | 62.5 | 4.5 |
| 32A | 160 | 213 | 67.5 | 6.9 |
| 40A | 170 | 219 | 70.0 | 8.0 |
| 50A | 195 | 228 | 77.5 | 10.5 |
| 65A | 198 | 238 | 87.5 | 12.3 |



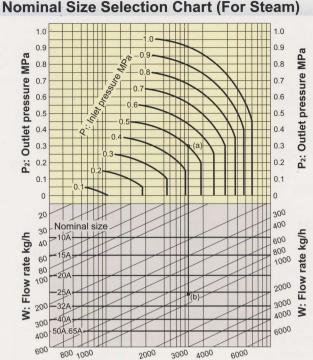


DP-100

DP-100F



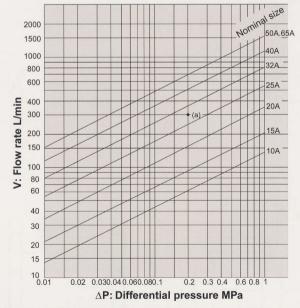




How to use the chart

When selecting the nominal size of a solenoid valve whose inlet pressure (P₁), outlet pressure (P₂), and steam (saturated steam) flow rate (W) are 0.5 MPa, 0.3 MPa, and 800 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (a) of P₁ = 0.5 MPa and P₂ = 0.3 MPa. Trace down vertically from this intersection point (a) to find intersection point (b) with W = 800 kg/h. Since this intersection point (b) lies between nominal sizes 25A and 232A, select the larger one, 32A.

Nominal Size Selection Chart (For Water)



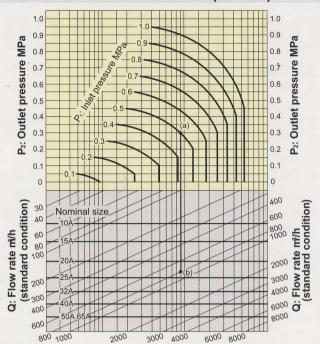
How to use the chart

When selecting the nominal size of a solenoid valve whose inlet pressure (P₁), outlet pressure (P₂), and flow rate (V) are 0.5 MPa, 0.3 MPa, and 300 L/min, respectively, first find intersection point (a) of the differential pressure before and after the valve [$\Delta P = 0.5 - 0.3 = 0.2$ MPa] and V = 300 L/min. Since this intersection point (a) lies between nominal sizes 25A and 32A, select the larger one, 32A.



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How to use the chart

When selecting the nominal size of a solenoid valve whose inlet pressure (P₁), outlet pressure (P₂), and air (20°C) flow rate (Q) are 0.5 MPa, 0.3 MPa, and 800 m³/h (standard condition), respectively, first find intersection point (a) of P₁ = 0.5 MPa and P₂ = 0.3 MPa. Trace down vertically from this intersection point (a) to find intersection point (b) with Q = 800 m³/h (standard condition). Since this intersection point (b) lies between nominal sizes 20A and 25A, select the larger one, 25A.

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PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

GP-2000CS

Features

- 1. Unique patented diaphragms enable superiior durability.
- 2. 200 mesh integral strainer prevents most scale problem on the pilot valve.
- 3. GP-2000 series, Yoshitake's original pilot-operated valve, has proven its contribution various systems.
- 4. Spherical valve provides a tight seal meeting ANSI Class IV.



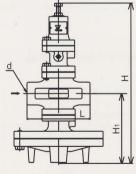
Specifications

| - | Connection | JIS Rc | JIS 10K FF | JIS 20K RF | JIS 30K RF | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Application | Steam | | | | | |
| M | ax. inlet pressure | 3.0 MPa | 1.0 MPa | 2.0 MPa | 3.0 MPa | | |
| N | ax. temperature | | 26 | O°C | | | |
| Reduced pressure | | 0.02-0.15 MPa 0.1-1.4 MPa 1.3-2.0 MPa | 0.02-0.15 MPa 0.1-0.85 MPa | 0.02-0.15 MPa 0.1-1.4 MPa 1.3-1.7 MPa | 0.02-0.15 MPa 0.1-1.4 MPa 1.3-2.0 MPa | | |
| | | 85% or below of inlet pressure (gauge pressure) | | | | | |
| Minimu | m differential pressure | 0.05 MPa | | | | | |
| Maximum | pressure reduction ratio | 20:1 | | | | | |
| Va | alve seat leakage | 0.01% or below of rated flow rate | | | | | |
| • | Body | | Cast ca | arbon steel | | | |
| Material | Main valve, valve seat | Stellite overlaid stainless steel | | | | | |
| material | Pilot valve, pilot valve seat | Stainless steel | | | | | |
| | Diaphragm | | Stainl | ess steel | | | |

Valves with a ASME Class 150, ASME Class 300 or EN PN40 flanged are also available.

Dimensions (mm) and Weight (kg)

<JIS Rc screwed>



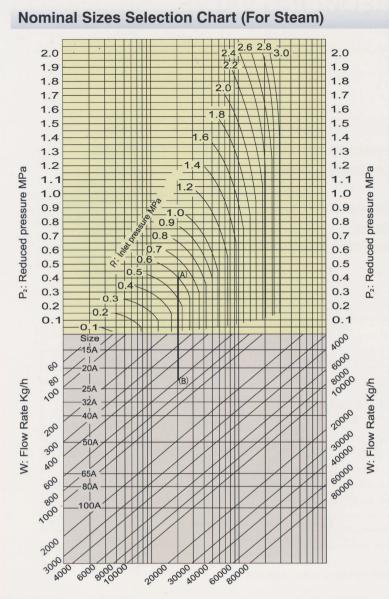
| Nominal size | d | L | Н | H1 | Weight | Cv value |
|--------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------|
| 15A | Rc 1/2 | 150 | 398 | 170 | 16 | 5 |
| 20A | Rc 3/4 | 150 | 398 | 170 | 16 | 7.2 |
| 25A | Rc 1 | 160 | 404 | 175 | 21.5 | 10.9 |
| 32A | Rc 1-1/4 | 180 | 434 | 192 | 24 | 14.3 |
| 40A | Rc 1-1/2 | 180 | 434 | 192 | 24 | 18.8 |
| 50A | Rc 2 | 230 | 498 | 216 | 37 | 32 |

<JIS 30K RF flanged>

| Nominal size | L | H | H1 | Weight | Cv value |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------|
| 15A | 240 | 398 | 170 | 18 | 5 |
| 20A | 240 | 398 | 170 | 18 | 7.2 |
| 25A | 250 | 404 | 175 | 24.5 | 10.9 |
| 32A | 260 | 434 | 192 | 27 | 14.3 |
| 40A | 260 | 434 | 192 | 27 | 18.8 |
| 50A | 230 | 498 | 216 | 42 | 32 |
| 65A | 294 | 552 | 251 | 75 | 60 |
| 80A | 314 | 575 | 264 | 84 | 78 |
| 100A | 358 | 658 | 321 | 133 | 120 |

15A to 40A valves are welded flanged.





[Example]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P1), reduced pressure (P2), and flow rate are 0.6 MPa, 0.4 MPa, and 600 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (a) of the inlet pressure of 0.6 MPa and the reduced pressure of 0.4 MPa. Trace down vertically from this intersection point to find intersection point (b) with the flow rate of 600 kg/h. Since intersection point (b) lies between nominal sizes 20A and 25A, select the larger one, 25A.

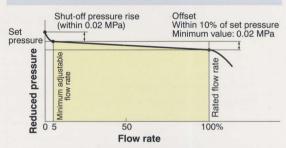
· Set the safety factor at 80 to 90%.

http://www.yoshitake.jp

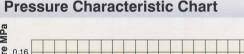
Specifications Selection Chart This range requires two-stage pressure reduction (A). 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 pressure MPa 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 Controllable range (B) 1.2 Inlet 0.8 0.6 Ľ. 0.4 The valve does not fulfill specified performance in this range (C) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 P2:Reduced pressure MPa

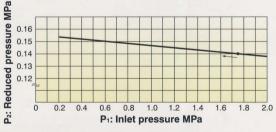
Based on the selection chart above, select a pressure reducing valve in the optimum manner. On the selection chart, first find the intersection point of the inlet pressure (P1) and the reduced pressure (P2). Two-stage pressure reduction is required if the intersection point lies in range (A), or the pressures are controllable with a single pressure reducing valve if the intersection point is within range (B). The valve does not fulfill specified performance in range (C). To adopt two-stage pressure reduction, separate two pressure reducing valves as far away from each other as possible.

Flow Characteristic Chart



When selecting a nominal size, set the flow rate at 80 to 90% of the rated flow rate, allowing for the pressure loss and heat loss of the stop valve, strainer, etc. to be used before or after the pressure reducing valve. To enable the pressure reducing valve to show a maximum flow characteristic, do not select a small piping diameter, as a countermeasure against the effect of piping resistance. Select a nominal size based on the nominal sizes selection chart.





This chart shows a variation in the reduced pressure when the inlet pressure of 1.75 MPa is changed between the range from 0.2 MPa to 2.0 MPa with the reduced pressure set at 0.14 MPa.

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